

# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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# NITROMORS AP

SDS No. : 530707 V001.5 Revision: 10.03.2017 printing date: 28.09.2019 Replaces version from: 04.05.2016

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1. Product identifier

NITROMORS AP

### **Contains:**

Ethyl acetate Acetone Methanol

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Intended use: Solvent Mixtures

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Adhesives Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000 Fax-no.: +44 (1442) 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@henkel.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 0 8701 906777 - For further general health & safety, technical and practical advice on this product, please call +44 (0) 1606 593933 or write to: Technical Services; Henkel Limited; Road 5; Winsford Industrial Estate; Winsford; Cheshire; CW7 3QY-Email: technical.services@henkel.co.uk

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):	
Flammable liquids	Category 2
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.	
Acute toxicity	Category 4
H302 Harmful if swallowed.	
Route of Exposure: Oral	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 2
H371 May cause damage to organs.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organ: Central Nervous System	

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:	
Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statement:	<ul> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H371 May cause damage to organs.</li> </ul>
Supplemental information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statement:	P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours.
Precautionary statement: Response	P308+P311 If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/
Precautionary statement: Disposal	P501 Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Pregnant women should absolutely avoid inhalation and skin contact.

Solvents contained in the product evaporate during processing and their vapors can form explosive/highly inflammable air/vapor mixtures.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

General chemical description: Composition Base substances of preparation: Organic solvent

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	211-463-5 01-2119490744-29	30- 50 %	Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Methylal 109-87-5	203-714-2 01-2119664781-31	10- 30 %	Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	205-500-4 01-2119475103-46	10- < 20 %	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 STOT SE 3 H336 Eye Irrit. 2 H319
Acetone 67-64-1	200-662-2 01-2119471330-49	10- < 20 %	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H336
Methanol 67-56-1	200-659-6 01-2119433307-44	3- < 10 %	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Acute Tox. 3; Inhalation H331 Acute Tox. 3; Dermal H311 Acute Tox. 3; Oral H301 STOT SE 1 H370

### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

### Declaration of ingredients according to Detergent Regulation 648/2004/EC

< 5 %

aliphatic hydrocarbons

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

In case of adverse health effects seek medical advice.

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap. Skin care. Remove contaminated clothes immediately.

Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes with soft jet of water or eye rinse solution for at least 5 minutes. If pains remain (intensive smarting, sensitivity to light, visual disturbance) continue flushing and contact/seek doctor or hospital.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

INGESTION: Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

RESPIRATORY: Irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: carbon dioxide, foam, powder, water spray jet, fine water spray

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: High pressure waterjet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2) can be released.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective equipment.

### **Additional information:**

Cool endangered containers with water spray jet.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Danger of slipping on spilled product.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove with liquid-absorbing material (sand, peat, sawdust). Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilate working rooms thoroughly. Avoid naked flames, sparking and sources of ignition. Switch off electrical devices. Do not smoke, do not weld. Do not empty waste into waste water drains.

During processing and drying after adhesion, ventilate well. Avoid all sources of fire such as stoves and ovens. Switch off all electrical devices such as parabolic heaters, hot plates, storage heaters etc. in good time for them to have cooled down before commencing work. Avoid all sparks, including those occurring at electrical switches and devices.

Hygiene measures: Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Do not use packing made of metal. Store in a cool, dry place. Temperatures between + 5  $^{\circ}C$  and + 25  $^{\circ}C$ Do not store together with food or other consumables (coffee, tea, tobacco, etc.).

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Solvent Mixtures

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Dimethoxymethane 109-87-5 [DIMETHOXYMETHANE]	1.250	3.950	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
Dimethoxymethane 109-87-5 [DIMETHOXYMETHANE]	1.000	3.160	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 [ETHYL ACETATE]	400		Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 [ETHYL ACETATE]	200		Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	1.500	3.620	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Methanol 67-56-1 [METHANOL]	250	333	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
Methanol 67-56-1 [METHANOL]			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	EH40 WEL
Methanol 67-56-1 [METHANOL]	200	266	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Methanol 67-56-1 [METHANOL]	200	260	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2 [PARAFFIN WAX, FUME]		2	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2 [PARAFFIN WAX, FUME]		6	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 [TRIMETHYLBENZENES, ALL ISOMERS OR MIXTURES]	25	125	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 [1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE]	20	100	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ррт	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	• •	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0 [1,3-DIOXOLANE]	20		Time Weighted Average (TWA):	87	IR_OEL
Dimethoxymethane 109-87-5 [METHYLAL]	1.000	3.100	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL
Ethyl acetate	200		Time Weighted Average		IR_OEL

		(TWA)		
		(1 (1 (1 )).		
400	1	Short Term Exposure		IR OEL
500	1.210	Time Weighted Average	Indicative OELV	IR OEL
		(TWA):		-
500	1.210	Time Weighted Average	Indicative	ECTLV
		(TWA):		
200	260	Time Weighted Average	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
		(TWA):		
		Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the	IR_OEL
		_	skin.	
200	260	Time Weighted Average	Indicative	ECTLV
		(TWA):		
	2	Time Weighted Average		IR_OEL
		(TWA):		
	6	Short Term Exposure		IR_OEL
		Limit (STEL):		
20	100	Time Weighted Average	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
		(TWA):		
20	100	Time Weighted Average	Indicative	ECTLV
		(TWA):		
	500         200         200         200         200         200         200         200         200         200         200         200         200         200         200	500       1.210         500       1.210         200       260         200       260         200       260         200       260         200       260         200       260         200       100	Limit (STEL):5001.210Time Weighted Average (TWA):5001.210Time Weighted Average (TWA):200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):200100Time Weighted Average (TWA):20100Time Weighted Average (TWA):	400Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):5001.210Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative OELV5001.210Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative OELV200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative OELV200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative OELV200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative200260Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative200100Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative OELV20100Time Weighted Average (TWA):Indicative OELV

**Biological Exposure Indices:** 

None

### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Respiratory protection:

Suitable breathing mask when there is inadequate ventilation. Combination filter: ABEKP (EN 14387) This recommendation should be matched to local conditions.

Hand protection:

For shorttime contact (e.g. as protection against splashes) protective gloves made from nitrile rubber are recommended according to EN 374.

material thickness > 0.4 mm

Perforation time > 240 minutes

In the case of longer and repeated contact please note that in practice the penetration times may be considerably shorter than those determined according to EN 374. The protective gloves must always be checked for their suitability for use at the specific workplace (e.g. mechanical and thermal stress, product compatibility, antistatic effects, etc.). The gloves must be replaced immediately at the first signs of wear and tear. The information provided by the manufacturers and given in the relevant trade association regulations for industrial safety must always be observed. We recommend that a hand care plan is drawn up in cooperation with a glove manufacturer and the trade association in accordance with the local operating conditions.

### Eye protection: Goggles which can be tightly sealed. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection: Suitable protective clothing Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	gel
	gel-like
	green
Odor	Solvent
Odour threshold	No data available / Not applicable
pH	No data available / Not applicable
Initial boiling point	No data available / Not applicable
Flash point	-11 °C (12.2 °F)
Decomposition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Vapour pressure	No data available / Not applicable
Density	0,85 - 0,95 g/cm3
0	
Bulk density	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity	5.000 mPa.s
0	
Viscosity (kinematic)	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties	No data available / Not applicable
Solubility (qualitative)	Insoluble
(23 °C (73.4 °F); Solvent: Water)	
Solidification temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Melting point	No data available / Not applicable
Flammability	No data available / Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive limits	No data available / Not applicable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available / Not applicable
Evaporation rate	No data available / Not applicable
Vapor density	No data available / Not applicable
Oxidising properties	No data available / Not applicable
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### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

None if used for intended purpose.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None if used for intended purpose.

**10.5.** Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

# **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None known.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

## STOT-single exposure:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs.

## Oral toxicity:

Harmful if swallowed.

## Inhalative toxicity:

The toxicity of the product is due to its narcotic effect after inhalation. In the event of protracted or repeated exposure, damage to health cannot be excluded.

## Skin irritation:

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Eye irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Acute oral toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Methylal 109-87-5	LD50	6.423 mg/kg	oral		rat	not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LD50	6.100 mg/kg	oral		rat	not specified
Acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	oral		rat	not specified

## Acute inhalative toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LC50	200 mg/l		1 h	rat	not specified
Acetone 67-64-1	LC50	76 mg/l		4 h	rat	not specified

### Acute dermal toxicity:

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		
Methylal	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute
109-87-5						Dermal Toxicity)
Ethyl acetate	LD50	> 20.000 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	Draize Test
141-78-6						
Acetone	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	Draize Test
67-64-1						

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Ethyl acetate	slightly irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute
141-78-6				Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Acetone	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
67-64-1				_
Methanol	not irritating	20 h	rabbit	BASF Test
67-56-1	-			

### Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	slightly irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Methanol 67-56-1	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Acetone 67-64-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	not specified
Methanol 67-56-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

# Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	oral: gavage		hamster, Chinese	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Acetone 67-64-1	negative	oral: drinking water		mouse	not specified
Methanol 67-56-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
	negative	in vitro mammalian cell micronucleus test	with and without		Chromosome Aberration Test
	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Methanol 67-56-1	negative	intraperitoneal		mouse	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

# Carcinogenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Species	Sex	Exposure timeFrequenc	Route of application	Method
				y of treatment		
Acetone	not carcinogenic	mouse	female	424 d	dermal	not specified
67-64-1				3 times per		
				week		
Methanol	not carcinogenic	mouse	male/female	18 m	inhalation:	OECD Guideline 453
67-56-1	_			19 h/d	vapour	(Combined Chronic
						Toxicity / Carcinogenicity
						Studies)

## **Reproductive toxicity:**

Hazardous substances	Result / Classification	Species	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.			time		
Ethyl acetate	NOAEL $P = 1.500 \text{ mg/kg}$	other	94 d	rat	other guideline:
141-78-6		inhalation:			-
		vapour			
Methanol	NOAEL P = $1,3 \text{ mg/l}$	Two		rat	OECD Guideline 416 (Two-
67-56-1	NOAEL F1 = $0,13 \text{ mg/l}$	generation			Generation Reproduction
	NOAEL F2 = $0,13 \text{ mg/l}$	study			Toxicity Study)
		inhalation			

## Repeated dose toxicity

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	NOAEL=900 mg/kg	oral: gavage	90 ddaily	rat	EPA OTS 795.2600 (Subchronic Oral Toxicity Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	NOAEL=1,28 mg/l	inhalation	94 dcontinuous	rat	EPA OTS 798.2450 (90-Day Inhalation Toxicity)
Acetone 67-64-1	NOAEL=900 mg/kg	oral: drinking water	13 wdaily	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Methanol 67-56-1	NOAEL=6,63 mg/l	inhalation	4 weeks6 h/d, 5 d/w	rat	not specified

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# General ecological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following. Do not empty into drains, soil or bodies of water.

# 12.1. Toxicity

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	LC50	> 95,4 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	EC50	> 772 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp.
						Acute Immobilisation Test)
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	NOEC	877 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
	ErC50	> 877 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline
Methylal 109-87-5	LC50	6.990 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute
Methylal 109-87-5	EC50	> 500 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation
Methylal 109-87-5	EC10	> 500 mg/l	Algae	96 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus	Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth
Methylal 109-87-5	EC10	3.000 mg/l	Bacteria	17 h	subspicatus)	Inhibition Test) DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshe
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LC50	270 mg/l	Fish	48 h	Leuciscus idus melanotus	mm-Test) DIN 38412-15
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC50	164 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia cucullata	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC50	> 2.000 mg/l	Algae	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth
	NOEC	2.000 mg/l	Algae	96 h	subcapitata) Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC10	2.900 mg/l	Bacteria	18 h	subcapitata)	not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	NOEC	2,4 mg/l	chronic Daphnia	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)
Acetone 67-64-1	LC50	8.120 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute
Acetone 67-64-1	EC50	8.800 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia pulex	Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation
Acetone	NOEC	530 mg/l	Algae	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	Test) DIN 38412-09
67-64-1 Acetone 67-64-1	EC10	1.000 mg/l	Bacteria	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27 (Bacterial oxygen
Acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	chronic Daphnia	28 d	Daphnia magna	consumption test) OECD 211 (Daphnia magna,
Methanol 67-56-1	LC50	15.400 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	Reproduction Test) EPA-660 (Methods for Acute Toxicity Tests with Fish, Macroinvertebrates
	NOEC	7.900 mg/l	Fish	200 h	Oryzias latipes	and Amphibians) OECD Guideline 210 (fish early lite
Methanol 67-56-1	EC50	18.260 mg/l	Daphnia	96 h	Daphnia magna	stage toxicity test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp.

					_	
						Acute
						Immobilisation
						Test)
Methanol	EC50	22.000 mg/l	Algae	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline
67-56-1		-	_		(new name: Pseudokirchnerella	201 (Alga, Growth
					subcapitata)	Inhibition Test)
Methanol	IC50	> 1.000 mg/l	Bacteria	3 h	activated sludge of a	OECD Guideline
67-56-1					predominantly domestic sewage	209 (Activated
						Sludge, Respiration
						Inhibition Test)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0		aerobic	20 %	OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I))
Methylal 109-87-5			88 %	OECD 301 A - F
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	readily biodegradable	aerobic	100 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Methanol 67-56-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	82 - 92 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogPow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	-0,35					not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	0,6					OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Acetone 67-64-1	-0,24					OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Methanol 67-56-1	-0,77					other guideline:

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous components	PBT/vPvB
CAS-No.	
Ethyl acetate	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
141-78-6	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Methanol	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-56-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

# Product disposal:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

# Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Use packages for recycling only when totally empty.

### Waste code

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1.	UN number	
	ADR	1263
	RID	1263
	ADN	1263
	IMDG	1263
	IATA	1263
14.2.	UN proper ship	ping name
	ADR	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
	RID	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
	ADN	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
	IMDG	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
	IATA	Paint related material
14.3.	Transport haza	rd class(es)
	ADR	3
	RID	3
	ADN	3
	IMDG	3
	IATA	3
14.4.	Packing group	
	ADR	П
	RID	II
	ADN	II
	IMDG	II
	IATA	Ш
14.5.	Environmental	hazards
	ADR	not applicable
	RID	not applicable
	ADN	not applicable
	IMDG IATA	not applicable not applicable
14.6.	Special precauti	
		Service (40D
	ADR	Special provision 640D Tunnelcode: (D/E)
	RID	Special provision 640D
	ADN	Special provision 640D
	IMDG	not applicable
	IATA	not applicable
14.7.	Transport in bu	lk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
	not applicable	

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content 27,64 % (VOCV 814.018 VOC regulation CH)

### List of ingredients according to Detergents regulation.

1,3-Dioxolane Methylal Ethyl acetate Acetone Methanol Water Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes Docusate sodium Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 2,2'-Iminodiethanol 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Xylene - mixture of isomeres Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene Formaldehyde Sodium tetraborate decahydrate Mesitylene 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene Carbonic acid disodium salt, decahydrate Propylbenzene Cumene Ethanol Benzenamine, N,N-diethyl-4-(phenylazo)-Acetic acid Acetaldehyde 1,4-Bis(isopropylamino)anthraquinone

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

- of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:
  - H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
  - H301 Toxic if swallowed.
  - H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
  - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  - H331 Toxic if inhaled.
  - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
  - H370 Causes damage to organs.

#### **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.

# **Annex - Exposure Scenarios:**

Exposure Scenarios for ethyl acetate can be downloaded under the following link: http://mymsds.henkel.com/mymsds/.490394..en.ANNEX\_DE.19414935.0.DE.pdf Alternatively they can be accessed on the internet site www.mymsds.henkel.com by entering number 490394.